

PARTS OBSOLESCENCE WORKSHOP
Impact of Commercialization on Parts Obsolescence



Market Driven Environment

Micron exits military SRAM market 1992

Elantec announces exit from monolithic military market

TI exited from class S market 4Q 1993



Seeq exits military E2 and PROM market 3Q 1994

AMD announced exit from military market August 1994

Allegro (Sprague) exits market August 1994

XICOR prunes NMOS products 1994

Zilog announced discontinuance of several NMOS products June 1995

MOTOROLA





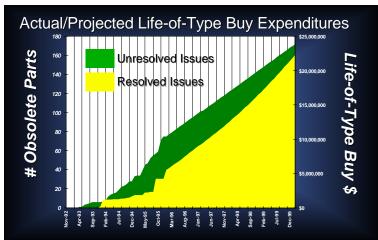
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Real Contractor Cost Issues



F15 Electronic Subsystem F14 Upgrades Planned



- Multifunctional Team
- Weekly Meetings Track all Critical Parts
- 274 Issues Resolved Since Inception (20 Life-of-Type Buys)
- \$250K Life-of-Type Budget (Contractor Risk)







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Risk Mitigation Strategies

Life of Type Buys Reclamation Substitution Emulation Aftermarket Manufacturers New Source Development CCA Redesign Inventory Searches

- ✓ Constant Management on a program-by-program basis with a multifunctional team including the customer. What may work great for one program will not satisfy another
- Develop Strategic Supplier Relationships, periodically review all program parts with suppliers for market longevity, sales volume, and alternate technologies available
- ✓ All tiers of the supply chain must have OM programs in place (system contractors, subcontractors, and piece part manufacturers). OM should be an integral part of the parts management process .
- **✓** DON'T FOCUS ON JUST THE COMPONENT-LEVEL SOLUTION

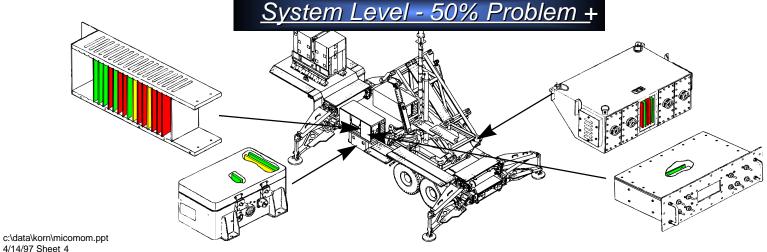


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The Component-Level Solution May Not Be the Best Choice

Component Level - 10% Problem Assembly Level - 37% Problem OTHER 2% # CCAs 42% CMOS 7% 78% LSTTL 24% **ANALOG 25%** 10% 21% 37% 12% 6-10 **TTL 44%** Parts/CCA System Level - 50% Problem +





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Standardization

- Standardization is increasingly dependent on the available Supplier Base and will decrease as contractors move towards the use of commercial parts and pursue obsolescence risk mitigation strategies
- New innovative ideas to move away from part number standardization to **Technology** standardization provide a lower cost/higher benefit approach
- Product design is evolving from a piece part based logistic support to an Open Architecture approach



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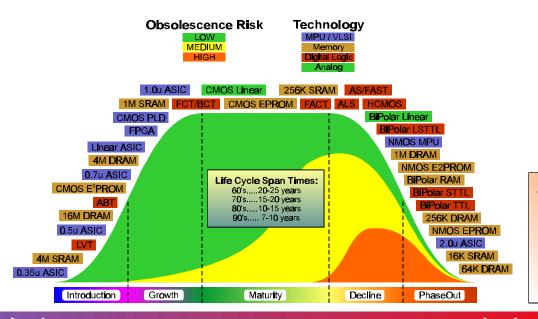
Technology Road Map

Market Segment

Program Need Program Bid Program Insertion

Technology Development Segment

Model Development Simulation Design Build Test/Characterization Device Validation Model vs. Test Device Productization Device Qualification Ready for Bid



Obsolescence

Redesign Emulation Alternate Source Dev Reclamation Last Time Buy Commercial Usage NDI Utililization

3-5 years

7-25 years

10-30 years

New Technology **Development** (IR&D, ATD)

Program Development and System Deployment (EMD, LRIP, Production)

Field Support Logistics



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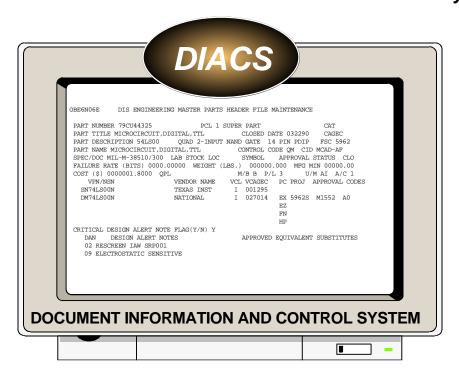


Standardization - New Approach

Use of on-line databases to retain technical and supplier information for parts

Data is available to customer as part of technical data package

Use of vendor nomenclature - SCDs only where technically required



KEY ELEMENTS

- Data under password control
- Complete sourcing data maintained
- ✓ Computer lock-out of obsolete parts
- ✓ ID of parts/technology for new design

EXAMPLE: Controlled Commercial Part

A virtual part number established by components engineering Internally controlled / Transparent to engineering

DIACS: 79CU44325 Vendor Equivalent PN's SN74LS154J DM74LS154N